



## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**1.1 Product identifier:** 99851-0, 99867-0, 99906-0, 99869-0, 99981-0 - Gas Oil

Fuels, diesel

CAS: 68334-30-5

REACH:

**Other means of identification:**

Not relevant

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**

Relevant uses (Consumer use): Chemical sample for use in laboratories

Relevant uses (Professional users): Chemical sample for use in laboratories

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**

Stanhope-Seta

London street

KT16 8AP Chertsey - United Kingdom

Phone: +44 (0)1932 564391 - Fax: +44 (0)1932 568363

service@stanhope-seta.co.uk

<https://www.stanhope-seta.co.uk/>

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +44 (0)1932 564391

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**

**GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):**

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).

Acute Tox. 4: Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4, H332

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

**2.2 Label elements:**

**GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):**

**Danger**



**Hazard statements:**

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements:**



## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102: Keep out of reach of children.  
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.  
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.  
P501: Dispose of the contents and/or its container using the separate collection system in your municipality.

### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substance:

**Chemical description:** Not defined

In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 68334-30-5 EC: 269-822-7 REACH: 01-2119484664-27-XXXX	<b>Fuels, diesel</b> Acute Tox. 4: H332; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Carc. 2: H351; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; ST RE 2: H373 - Danger	<b>75 - &lt;100 %</b>

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Fuels, diesel CAS: 68334-30-5 EC: 269-822-7	LD50 oral	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
	LC50 inhalation mist	4.1 mg/L	Rat

### 3.2 Mixture:

Not relevant

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

Remove the affected person from the area of exposure, provide them with fresh air, and keep them at rest. In severe cases such as cardiorespiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration techniques if properly trained (CPR, oxygen provision, etc.) and seek immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

#### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

#### A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

#### B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016 and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002, 2002 No. 2776. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

#### C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

#### D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

#### A.- Specific storage requirements

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location

#### B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be assessed in the workplace:

There are no applicable occupational exposure limits for the substances contained in the product

#### DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Fuels, diesel CAS: 68334-30-5 EC: 269-822-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	2.91 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	4288 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant	68.34 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

#### DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Fuels, diesel CAS: 68334-30-5 EC: 269-822-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1.25 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1.25 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	2572.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant	20.22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

### PNEC:


Not relevant

### 8.2 Exposure controls:


A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.


B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: ABEK)	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.



C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

D.- Eye and face protection



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

### Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

### The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012:

V.O.C. (Supply):	0 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	0 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (0 g/L)

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

#### Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Not relevant *
Colour:	Not relevant *
Odour:	Not relevant *
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

#### Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	Not relevant *
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	Not relevant *
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *

#### Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Relative density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	Not relevant *
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *

#### Flammability:

Flash Point:	56 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	Not relevant *
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *

#### Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter:	Not relevant *
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### 9.2 Other information:

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
<b>Other safety characteristics:</b>	
Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

#### A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

#### B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.
- IARC: Fuels, diesel (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:
 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:
 

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Other information:

Not relevant

### Product-specific toxicological information:

Acute toxicity		Genus
LC50 inhalation mist	4.1 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Fuels, diesel CAS: 68334-30-5 EC: 269-822-7	LD50 oral		
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation mist	4.1 mg/L	Rat

Only the physical form mist can occur during any reasonably expected use of the product, including when the product is used to produce a new product.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.1 Toxicity:

#### Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
Fuels, diesel CAS: 68334-30-5	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)	Fish
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)	Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)	Algae

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Not relevant

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Not relevant

### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Not relevant

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class
16 05 06*	laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals	Hazardous

#### Type of waste:

HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP14 Ecotoxic, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP7 Carcinogenic, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1202  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** DIESEL FUEL  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** Yes  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Tunnel restriction code: D/E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1202  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** DIESEL FUEL  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** Yes  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: 363  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Not relevant  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2025:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1202  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** DIESEL FUEL  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** Yes  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

#### The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200	500

#### Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

UFI: unique formula identifier

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer